

Universal Design for Learning (UDL)

Reaching ALL Students with Instruction and Technology

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Making Sense of Universal Design for Learning

What, Why, How?

UDL is ...

Evolved from UD



- A framework
- Based in brain research

UDL is ...

a framework



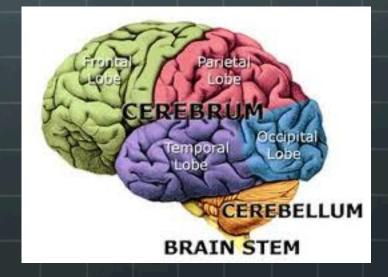
25⁺years



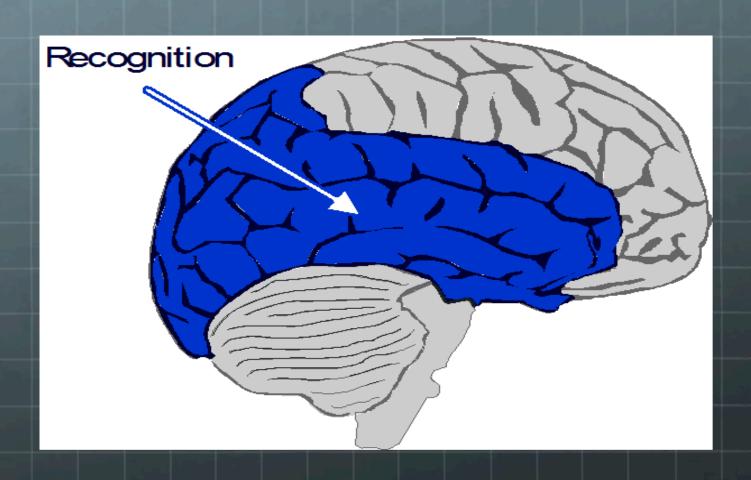
go to the UDL Guidelines

UDL is ...

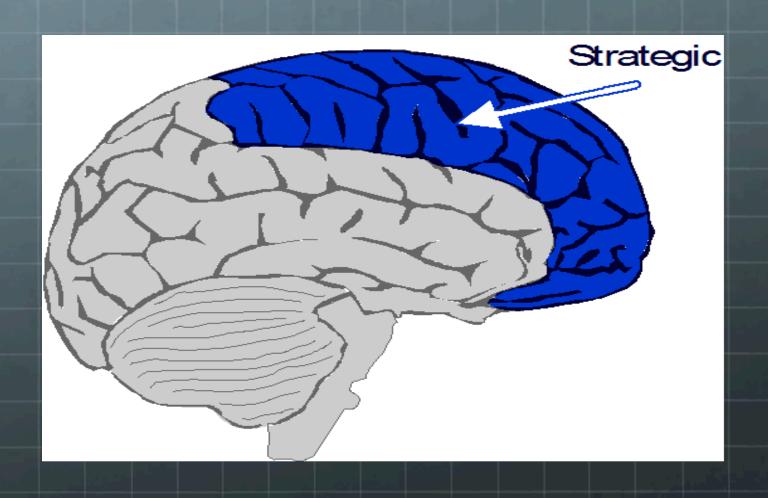
- Evolved from UD
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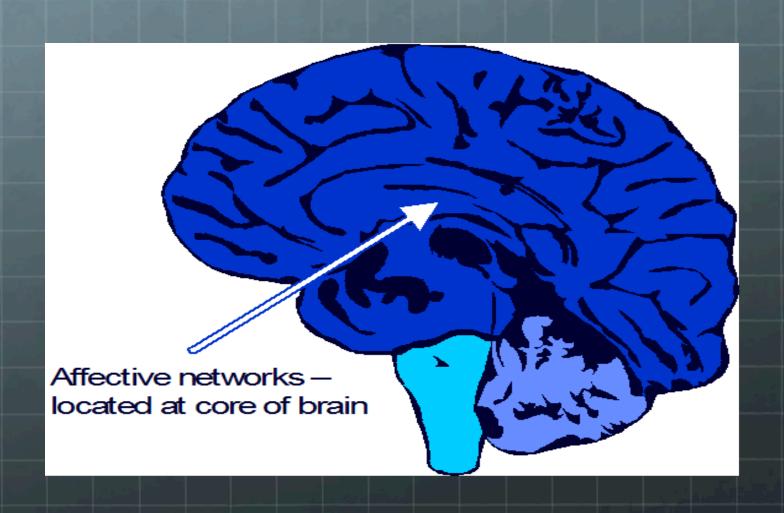
Recognition network



Strategic network



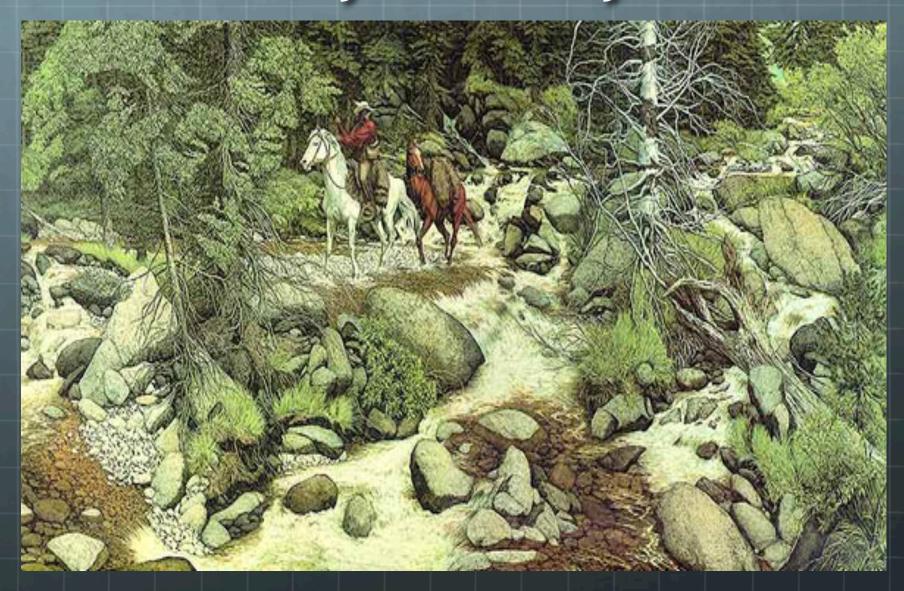
Affective network

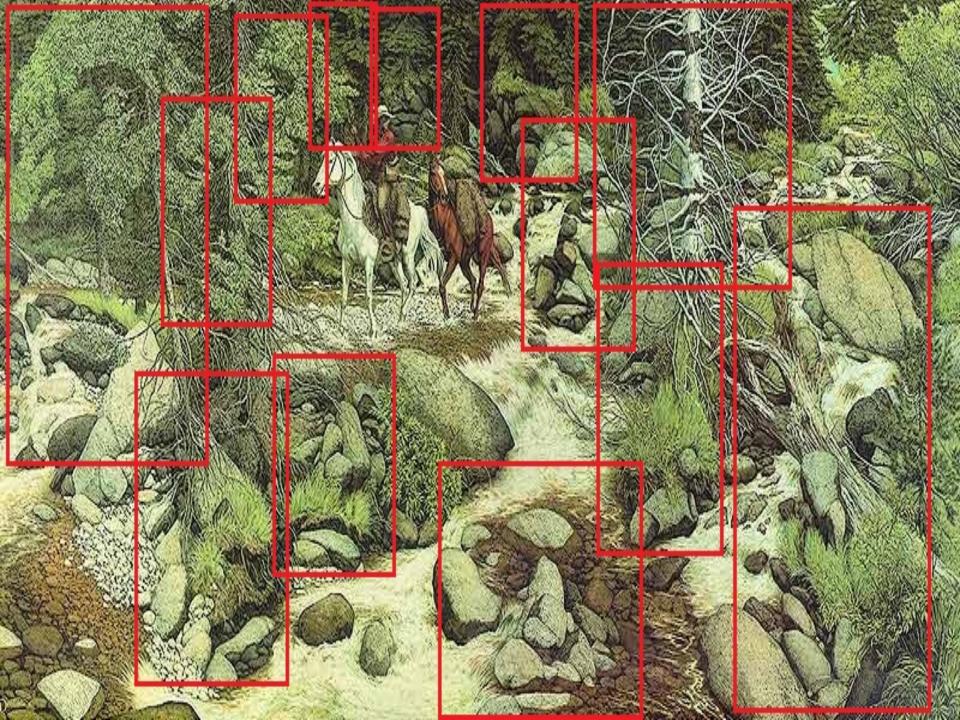


UDL is not ...

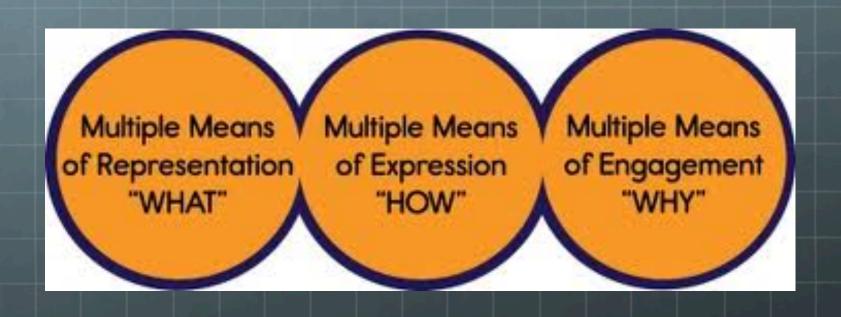
- An intervention
- New
- Technology

How many faces do you see?





Principles



UDL Guidelines (2014)



Provide Multiple Means of Engagement

Purposeful, motivated learners

Provide options for self-regulation

- + Promote expectations and beliefs that optimize motivation
- + Facilitate personal coping skills and strategies
- + Develop self-assessment and reaction

Provide options for sustaining effort and persistence

- + Heighten salience of goals and objectives
- + Vary demands and resources to optimize challenge
- + Foster collaboration and community
- + Increase mastery-oriented feedback

Provide options for recruiting interest

- + Optimize individual choice and autonomy
- + Optimize relevance, value, and authenticity
- + Minimize threats and distractions



Provide Multiple Means of

Representation

Resourceful, knowledgeable learners

Provide options for comprehension

- + Activate or supply background knowledge
- Highlight patterns, critical features, big ideas, and relationships
- Guide information processing, visualization, and manipulation
- + Maximize transfer and generalization

Provide options for language, mathematical expressions, and symbols

- + Clarify vocabulary and symbols
- + Clarify syntax and structure
- Support decoding of text, mathematical notation, and symbols
- + Promote understanding across languages
- + Illustrate through multiple media

Provide options for perception

- Offer ways of customizing the display of information
- + Offer alternatives for auditory information
- + Offer alternatives for visual information



Provide Multiple Means of

Action & Expression

Strategic, goal-directed learners

Provide options for executive functions

- + Guide appropriate goal-setting
- + Support planning and strategy development
- + Enhance capacity for monitoring progress

Provide options for expression and communication

- + Use multiple media for communication
- + Use multiple tools for construction and composition
- Build uencies with graduated levels of support for practice and performance

Provide options for physical action

- + Vary the methods for response and navigation
- Optimize access to tools and assistive technologies

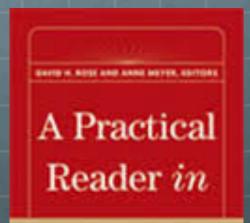
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Karen R. Harris and Steve Graham, Series Editors

Universal Design for Learning in the Classroom





LINIVERSAL DESIGN F



UNIVERSAL DESIGN for LEARNING

PORTHORD BY CHRISTONIES DEDE

Why UDL?

- Learning is unique to individuals
- Abilities continually shift
- Intersection between individual and environment
- An average student is mythical
- Variability

Why UDL?

States, provinces are turning to UDL as a means of helping educators meet the demand to provide standards-based education to all learners, while recognizing and honoring individual variability and diversity.

Policy

- National UDL Task Force
- UDL is defined in IDEA 2004 and the Assistive Technology Act of 1998
- U.S. Department of Education's Blueprint for Reform: Reauthorization ESEA
- U.S. Department of Education's National Educational Technology Plan

http://www.udlcenter.org/advocacy

Policy

- Common Core Standards Initiative FAQ handout
- Several States have Statewide Initiatives
- NIMAS/AIM
- Higher Education Opportunity Act (HEOA)

http://www.udlcenter.org/advocacy/referencestoUDL

Singapore

- Self-directed learners
- **©** Collaborative learners

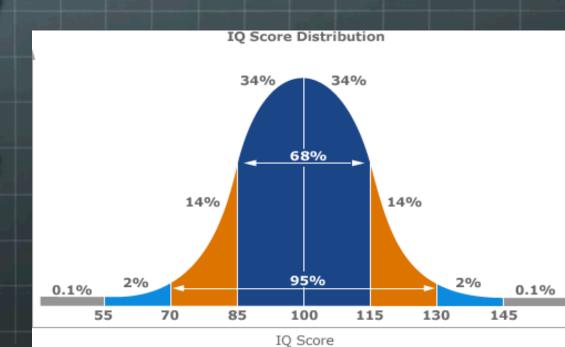


Paradigm Shift

Curriculum

Technology

Knowledge



Access and Equity



Paradigm Shift

Curriculum

Technology

Knowledge

Technology Changes Everything

- Communication
- Any time, any place, any how (any path, any pace) learning
- Personalization
- Openness, sharing
- Participation in content ,knowledge, and news production
- Collaboration

WATSON



GPS Analogy

What is the present location?

What is the destination or goal?

What is the best route for reaching that

goal?



Paradigm Shift

Curriculum

Technology

Knowledge

Prensky 2013

- The font of knowledge used to be the teacher, now it is the internet
- Teachers are guides and coaches of how to use it well and wisely

Teach & Assign Verbs (Skills)

and

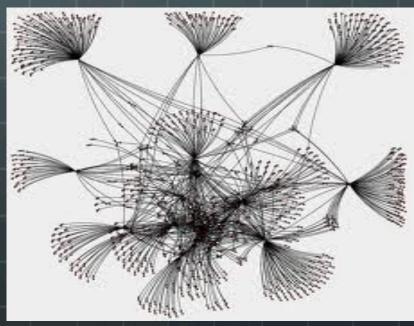
Give students the choice of Nouns (Tools)

A recent @marcprensky tweet

"Our education needs more self-direction.

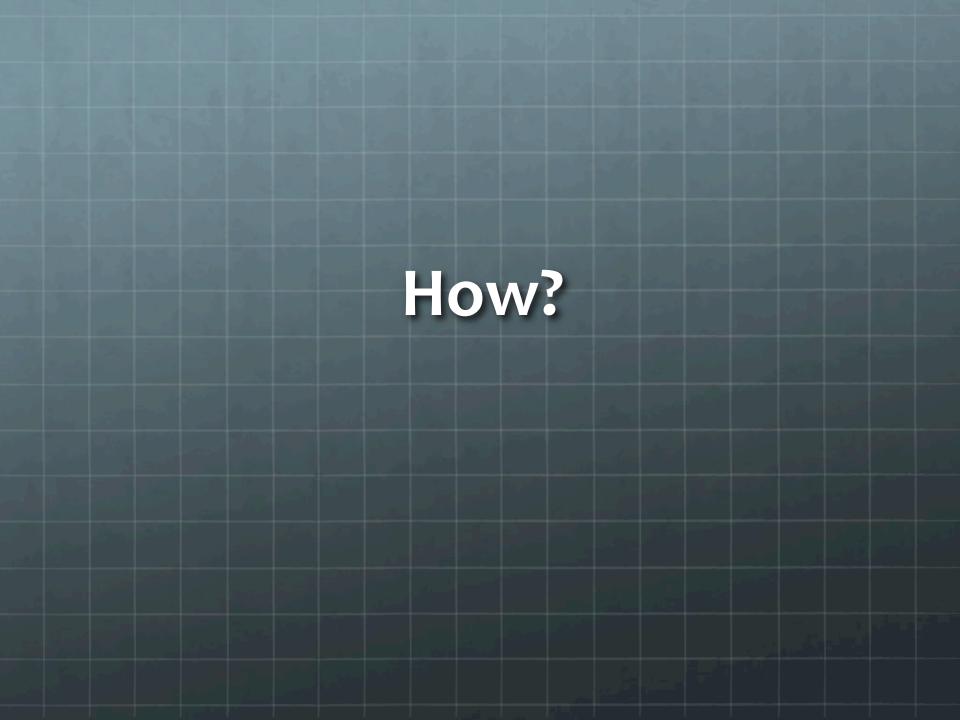
Kids should leave school with self-knowledge, self-discipline, and the ability to teach themselves."





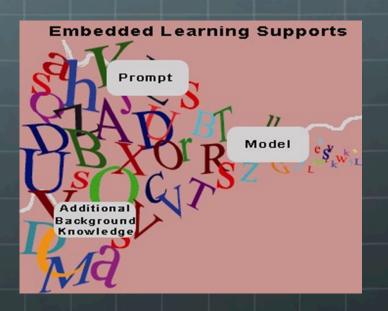
"We cannot always build the future for our youth, but we can build our youth for the future."

Franklin D. Roosevelt



Digital Media

- Transformable
- Taggable





Print materials-Inflexible, finite

Backwards design instructional process

- Establish Clear Outcomes
- Anticipate Learner Variability
- Measurable Outcomes and Assessment Plan
 - Timely Progress Monitoring
- Flexible methods, materials
- Instructional Experience



Reflection and New Understandings

Personalization

- Firm goals
- Flexible means
- Options, Choices



Sir Ken Robinson

Participatory Culture

- Affiliations
- Expression
- Circulation
- Collaborative problem solving

Connecting UDL and Other Initiatives

- Differentiated Instruction
- RTI
- Common Core

Differentiation is...

- A teacher's response to learner needs
- The recognition of students' varying background knowledge and preferences
- Instruction that appeals to students' difference
- Gives students multiple options for taking in information and making sense of ideas

Where does RTI fit?

- A curriculum that is <u>effective for one</u> student may <u>not</u> be effective for another
- Incorporate <u>research-based</u> practices
- Poor achievement does not necessarily reflect disability, but rather <u>may also</u> <u>reflect poor instruction</u>.
- RTI and UDL treat assessment as something that should inform instruction and intervention

UDL HAS SUPPORTS BUILT IN

Pulling it all together

	UDL	DI	RTI
What	Recognition network- Multiple means of representation	Content	Curriculum
How	Strategic network- Multiple means of expression	Process	Instruction
Why	Affective network- Multiple means of engagement	Product	Learning

Provide Multiple Means of Representation

Guideline 1: Provide options for perception

Checkpoint 1.1: Options that customize the display of information

Guideline 2: Provide options for language and symbols

Guideline 3: Provide options for comprehension

Examples template



Examples of addressing learner variability from Learner Variability and UDL

I. Provide Multiple Means of Representation

- Make text available in a variety of formats: e-Text reader, audio, MS PowerPoint
- Offer a variety of media to access information
- Provide multiple visual and physical examples of information using, for example, manipulatives, Smart Boards, iPads
- Additional examples:

II. Provide Multiple Means of Action & Expression

- Present learners with choices of tools to demonstrate knowledge. For example, provide a "technology toolkit" on a class wiki with reviews of available tools and resources
- Implement project-based learning to provide opportunities for problem solving and to help guide effective goal-setting
- Other examples: audio recording, dramatic productions, creating charts, graphs and illustrations, and free websites like Blogmeister, Glogster, Toondoo, Animoto, Xtranormal, Voki
- Additional examples:

III. Provide Multiple Means of Engagement

- Teach students how to use the available formats, tools and technology
- Implement project-based learning opportunities to provide options for individual choice and enhance the relevance and authenticity of the learning
- Give choices of tools, technology, medium, work environments and topic
- Guide students to understand personal learning needs so they can make good choices and become more autonomous
- Provide opportunity for independent choices of participation, for example, standing during a lesson
- Additional examples:

Above & Beyond

Separate Goal from Means

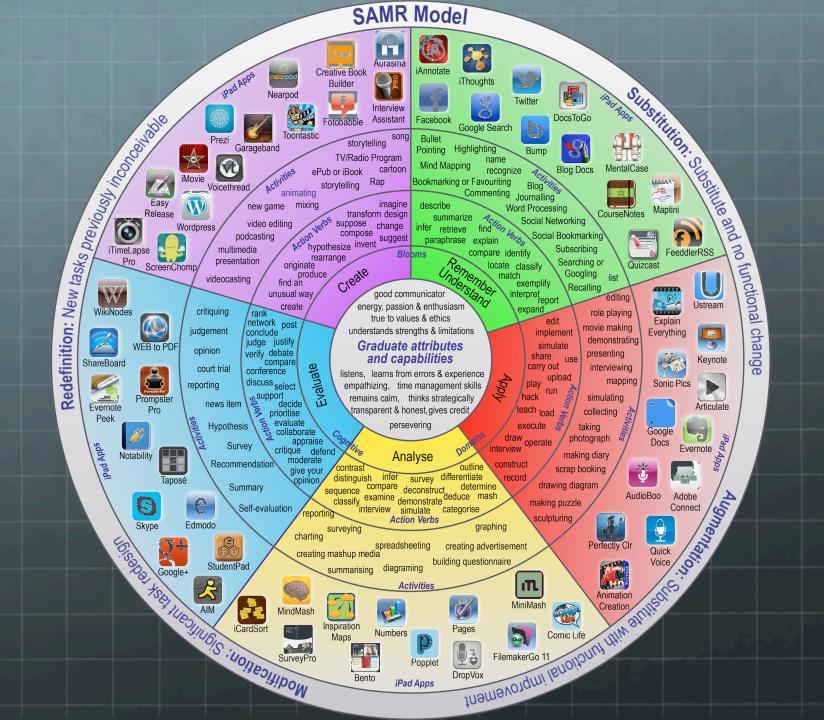
What is possible with technology

- Kathy Schrock ipads
- Wolfram Alpha computational knowledge engine
- Kid Rex
- Kids Wordsmyth
- You tube CC 60+
- Free tech for Teachers
- Microsoft Partners in Learning free tools

- UDL Toolkit
 - **UDL Resource**
 - Strategy Gallery
 - Sample UDL Book

Engagement Redefinition Action and Expression **Expression and creativity** ransformation The technology unleashes creative potential and disrupts perceptions of disability (student) Modification Leveraging mutlimedia The technology provides multiple means of expression Amplification Built-in supports and scaffolds The technology includes supports that account for learner variability Enhancement Substitution Representation (teacher) Access to content and tools The technology eliminates barriers that prevent access to information and communication needs assessment and resource mapping

Identify potential barriers and supports in learning environment





Alternative representation

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A8QWLrI-G78

Implementation

- Support teacher development
- Support teacher to teacher learning
- Plan for Scale
- Publicly acknowledge successes
- Assess progress

Tech Integration

- Tech integration easy to lose track of fundamentals through technical issues
- Digital citizenship
- Develop a culture that supports technology

Possible Barriers

- Funding Sources
 - Many resources are free or extremely reasonable
 - **Ost Comparison**
- Deficits in instructor knowledge
- Lack of instructor time for training, teamwork
- Develop instructor tech teams, website, mentoring
- Availability of workshops and training
- Adjustment of culture regarding technology and overall concept

Administrators can...

- Adopt principles
- Provide access to PD
- Provide time for collaboration
- Walk the walk

ADMIN FAQ Handout

In Summary

- Framework
- Plans for diversity
- Emphasis on digital technology
- Flexibility

Teaching and Learning Today

- Designers of learning environments
- Facilitators of learning
 - Instruction to discovery
 - Individual to collaborative learning
 - Broadcast to interactive learning
 - Teacher-centric to student-centric

Don Tapscott. Grown Up Digital. McGraw-Hill, 2009.

Imagine



Thank you!

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